



DC COMPONENTS CO., LTD.

RECTIFIER SPECIALISTS

KBPC / MB
50005 / 5005

THRU

KBPC / MB
5010 / 5010

TECHNICAL SPECIFICATIONS OF SINGLE-PHASE SILICON BRIDGE RECTIFIER

VOLTAGE RANGE - 50 to 1000 Volts

CURRENT - 50 Amperes

FEATURES

- * Metal case for Maximum Heat Dissipation
- * Surge overload ratings-400 Amperes
- * Low forward voltage drop

MECHANICAL DATA

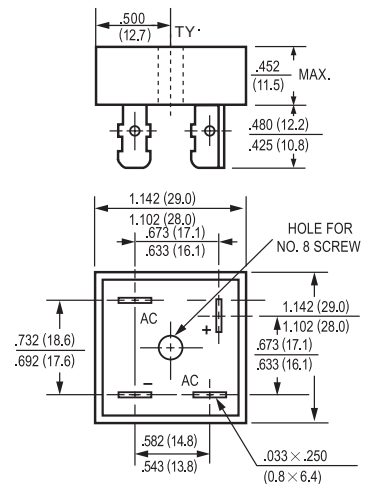
- * Case: Metal, electrically isolated
- * Epoxy: UL 94V-0 rate flame retardant
- * Terminals: Plated .25"(6.35mm) Faston lugs, solderable per MIL-STD-202E, Method 208 guaranteed
- * Polarity: As marked
- * Mounting position: Any
- * Weight: 30 grams

MAXIMUM RATINGS AND ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

Ratings at 25 °C ambient temperature unless otherwise specified.
Single phase, half wave, 60 Hz, resistive or inductive load.
For capacitive load, derate current by 20%.



MB-25



Dimensions in inches and (millimeters)

		KBPC 50005	KBPC 5001	KBPC 5002	KBPC 5004	KBPC 5006	KBPC 5008	KBPC 5010		
	SYMBOL	MB5005	MB501	MB502	MB504	MB506	MB508	MB5010	UNITS	
Maximum Recurrent Peak Reverse Voltage	V _{RRM}	50	100	200	400	600	800	1000	Volts	
Maximum RMS Bridge Input Voltage	V _{RMS}	35	70	140	280	420	560	700	Volts	
Maximum DC Blocking Voltage	V _{DC}	50	100	200	400	600	800	1000	Volts	
Maximum Average Forward Rectified Output Current at T _c = 55°C	I _O	50							Amps	
Peak Forward Surge Current 8.3 ms single half sine-wave superimposed on rated load (JEDEC Method)	I _{FSM}	400							Amps	
Maximum Forward Voltage Drop per element at 25A DC	V _F	1.1							Volts	
Maximum DC Reverse Current at Rated	@T _A = 25°C	I _R	10							uAmps
DC Blocking Voltage per element	@T _A = 100°C		500							
I ² t Rating for Fusing (t<8.3ms)	I ² t	664							A ² Sec	
Typical Junction Capacitance (Note1)	C _J	300							pF	
Typical Thermal Resistance (Note 2)	R _{θJC}	2.0							°C/W	
Operating and Storage Temperature Range	T _J ,T _{STG}	-55 to + 150							°C	

NOTES : 1. Measured at 1 MHz and applied reverse voltage of 4.0 volts
2. Thermal Resistance from Junction to Case per leg.

FIG. 1 - MAXIMUM NON-REPETITIVE FORWARD SURGE CURRENT

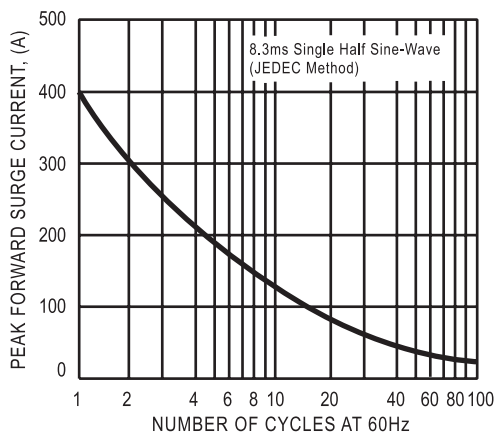


FIG. 2 - TYPICAL FORWARD CURRENT DERATING CURVE

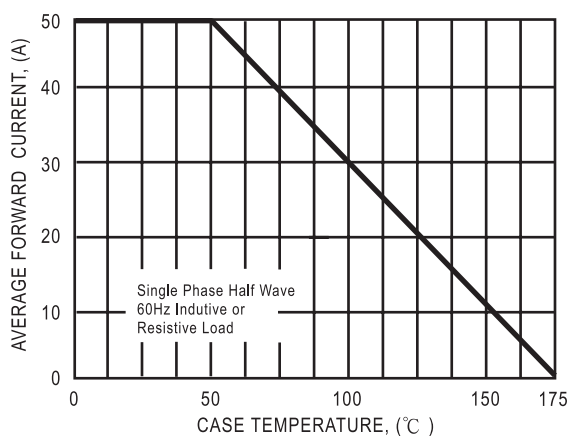


FIG. 3 - TYPICAL INSTANTANEOUS FORWARD CHARACTERISTICS

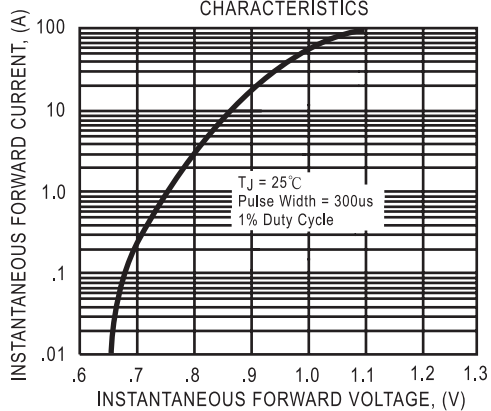


FIG. 4 - TYPICAL REVERSE CHARACTERISTICS

